

1. (5 marks) What is the distance between two parallel hyperplanes

$$\{x \in \mathbb{R}^n : a^T x = b_1\} \text{ and } \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n : a^T x = b_2\}? \quad (1)$$

2. (10 marks) Which of the following sets are polyhedra? If possible express them in the standard form presented in class:

(a) $S = \{y_1 a_1 + y_2 a_2 : -1 \leq y_1 \leq 1, -1 \leq y_2 \leq 1\}$ where $a_1, a_2 \in \mathbb{R}^n$;

(b) $S = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n : x \geq 0, e^T x = 1, \sum_{i=1}^n x_i a_i = b_1, \sum_{i=1}^n x_i a_i^2 = b_2\}$, where $a_1, \dots, a_n \in \mathbb{R}$, $b_1, b_2 \in \mathbb{R}$ and $e = (1, \dots, 1)$;

(c) $S = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n : x \geq 0, x^T y \leq 1 \text{ for all } y \text{ with } \|y\|_2 = 1\}$;

(d) $S = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n : x \geq 0, x^T y \leq 1 \text{ for all } y \text{ with } \|y\|_1 = 1\}$.

3. (5 marks) Express the convex set $\{x \in \mathbb{R}_+^2 : x_1 x_2 \geq 1\}$ as an intersection of halfspaces.

4. (6 marks) Is the set of real, positive semidefinite, not necessarily symmetric matrices a proper cone? Verify all the requirements, or give a counterexample if one is not satisfied.

5. (10 marks) For each of the following functions determine whether it is convex, quasi-convex, concave or quasiconcave:

(a) $f(x) = e^x - 1, x \in \mathbb{R}_+$;

(b) $f(x) = \text{Tr}(X^{-1})$, where X is symmetric and positive definite;

(c) $f(x) = \frac{a^T x + b}{c^T x + d}$, where $c^T x + d > 0$;

(d) $f(x, t) = -\log(t^2 - x^T x)$, on $\{(x, t) \in \mathbb{R}^n \times \mathbb{R} : t > \|x\|\}$;

(e) $f(x) = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i \log x_i - (\sum_{i=1}^n x_i) \log (\sum_{i=1}^n x_i)$ where $x_i > 0$ for $i = 1, \dots, n$;

6. (7 marks) Recall the illumination problem from lecture 1.

(a) Is the objective function $(\max_i |\log I_i - \log I_{\text{des}}|)$ convex in the variables p_1, \dots, p_m ?

(b) Show that the constraint $0 \leq p_i \leq p_{\max}$ together with the constraint that no more

than half of the total power is in any k lamps ($k \leq m$) is convex.

- (c) Show that the constraint $0 \leq p_i \leq p_{\max}$ together with the constraint that no more than half of the lamps are on is (in general) not convex.

7. (7 marks) Show that the distance ratio function, i.e.,

$$f(x) = \frac{\|x - a\|}{\|x - b\|} \tag{2}$$

is quasiconvex on the halfspace $\{x : \|x - a\| \leq \|x - b\|\}$. What are the sublevel sets?